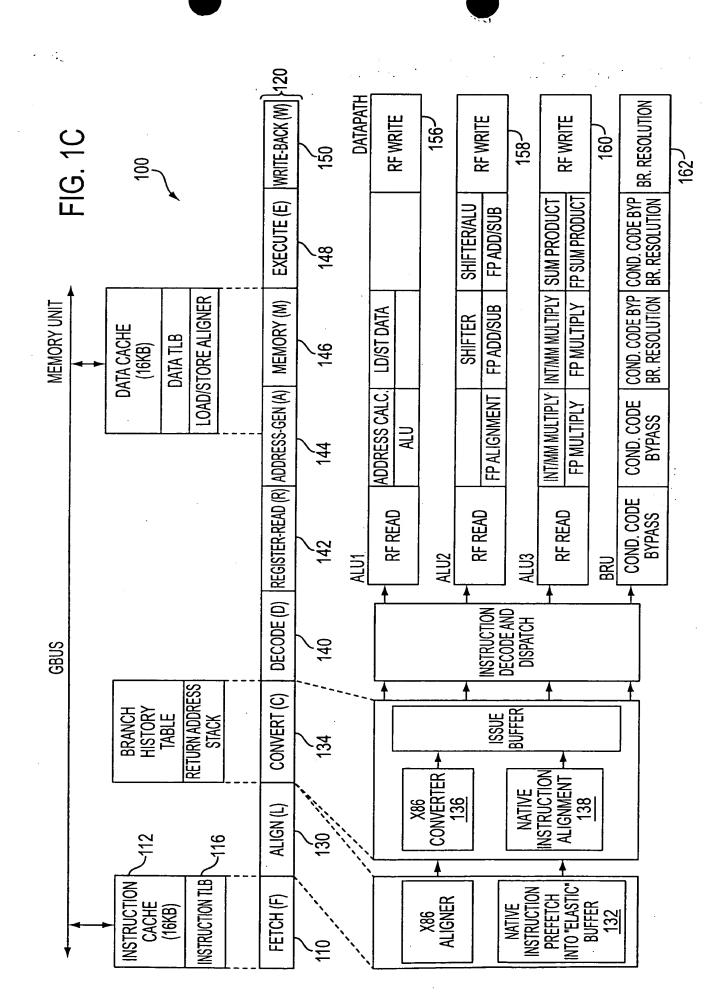


FIG. 1B



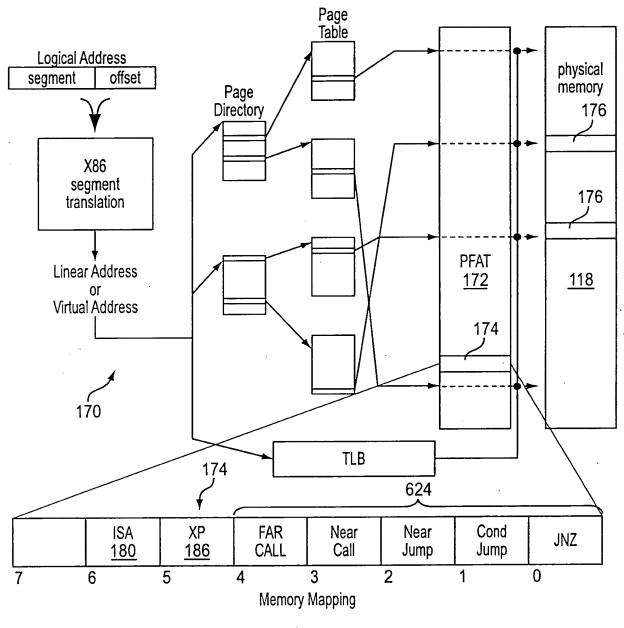
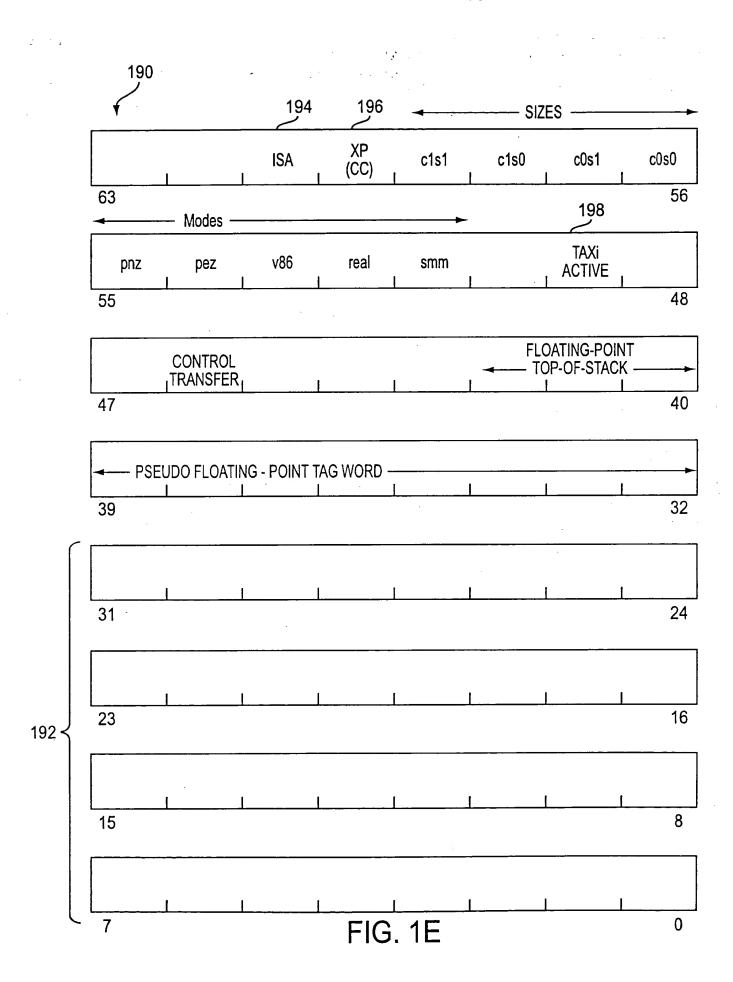


FIG. 1D



HTLB	DECODED PROPERTY VALUES			PROTECTED	INSTRUCTIONS		PROBE FOR	I/O MEMORY
PROPERTY BITS	ISA 194	200 200		INTERPRETATION	SENT To:	TRACE- PACKETS?	TRANSLATED CODE	REFERENCE EXCEPTIONS
00	TAP	TAP	NO	NATIVE CODE OBSERVING NATIVE RISCY CALLING CONVENTIONS	NATIVE DECODER	NO	NO	FAULT IF SEG.tio
01	TAP	x86	NO	NATIVE CODE OBSERVING x86 CALLING CONVENTIONS	NATIVE DECODER	NO	NO	FAULT IF SEG.tio
10	x86	x86	NO	x86 CODE, UNPROTECTED - TAX! PROFILE COLLECTION ONLY	x86 HW CONVERTER	if Enabled		TRAP IF PROFILING
11	x86	x86	YES	x86 CODE, PROTECTED - TAX! CODE MAY BE AVAILABLE	x86 HW Converter	IF Enabled	BASED ON I-TLB PROBE ATTRIBUTES	TRAP IF PROFILING

180,182, 184,186 184,186

FIG. 2A

204 -TRANSITION (SOURCE => DEST) HANDLER ACTION ISA & CC PROPERTY VALUES 212-NO TRANSITION EXCEPTION 00 => 00 214-VECT\_XXX\_X86\_CC EXCEPTION - HANDLER CONVERTS FROM NATIVE TO x86 CONVENTIONS 00 => 01 VECT\_xxx\_X86\_CC EXCEPTION - HANDLER CONVERTS FROM NATIVE x86 CONVENTIONS, 00 => 1x216-SETS UP EXPECTED EMULATOR AND PROFILING STATE 218-VECT\_XXX\_TAP\_CC EXCEPTION - HANDLER CONVERTS FROM x86 TO NATIVE CONVENTIONS 01 => 00 220-01 => 01 NO TRANSITION EXCEPTION VECT\_X86\_ISA EXCEPTION [CONDITIONAL BASED ON PCW.X86\_ISA\_ENABLE FLAG]  $01 \Rightarrow 1x$ 222-- SETS UP EXPECTED EMULATOR AND PROFILING STATE 224-VECT xxx TAP CC EXCEPTION - HANDLER CONVERTS FROM x86 TO NATIVE CONVENTIONS 1x => 00VECT\_TAP\_ISA EXCEPTION [CONDITIONAL BASED PCW.TAP\_ISA\_ENABLE FLAG]
- NO CONVENTION CONVERSION NECESSARY 226 1x => 01 228 NO TRANSITION EXCEPTION - [PROFILE COMPLETE POSSIBLE, PROBE POSSIBLE] 1x => 10230-1x => 11 NO TRANSITION EXCEPTION - [PROFILE COMPLETE POSSIBLE, PROBE NOT POSSIBLE]

FIG. 2B

0.40	NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE			
242 / 244 / 246 / 250 / 252 / 256 / 256 /	VECT_call_X86_CC	PUSHARGS, RETURN ADDRESS, SET UP x86 STATE	FAULT ON TARGET INSTRUCTION			
	VECT_jump_X86_CC	SET UP x86 STATE	FAULT ON TARGET INSTRUCTION			
	VECT_ret_no_fp_X86_CC	RETURN VALUE TO EAX:EDX, SET UP x86 STATE	FAULT ON TARGET INSTRUCTION			
	VECT_ret_fp_X86_CC	RETURN VALUE TO x86 FP STACK, SET UP x86 STATE	FAULT ON TARGET INSTRUCTION			
	VECT_call_TAP_CC	x86 STACK ARGS, RETURN ADDRESS TO REGISTERS				
	VECT_jump_TAP_CC	x86 STACK ARGS TO REGISTERS	FAULT ON TARGET INSTRUCTION			
	VECT_ret_no_fp_TAP_CC	RETURN VALUE TO RV0	FAULT ON TARGET INSTRUCTION			
	VECT_ret_any_TAP_CC	RETURN TYPE UNKNOWN, SETUP RV0 AND RVDP	FAULT ON TARGET INSTRUCTION			

FIG. 2C

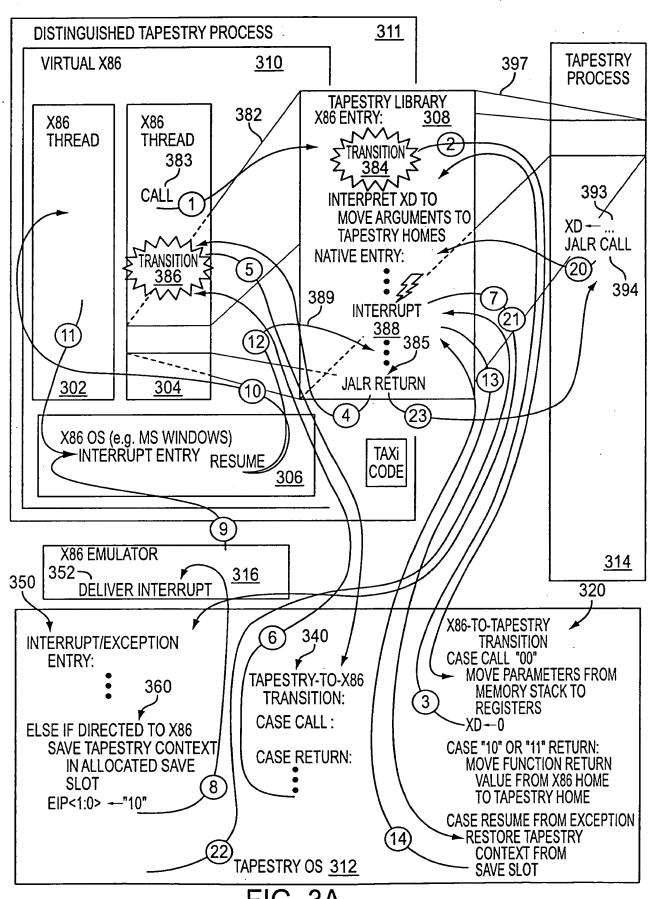


FIG. 3A

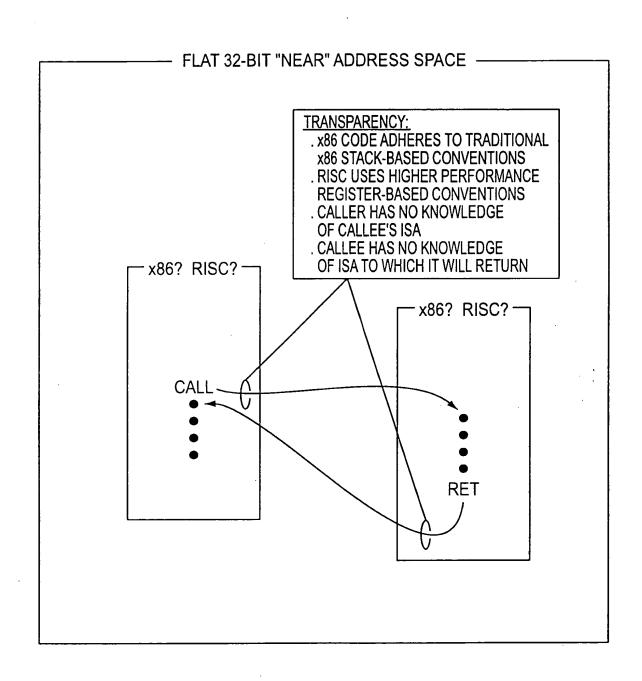


FIG. 3B

 $\sigma(\alpha) = (1 + \alpha) \cdot \tilde{\Gamma}$ 

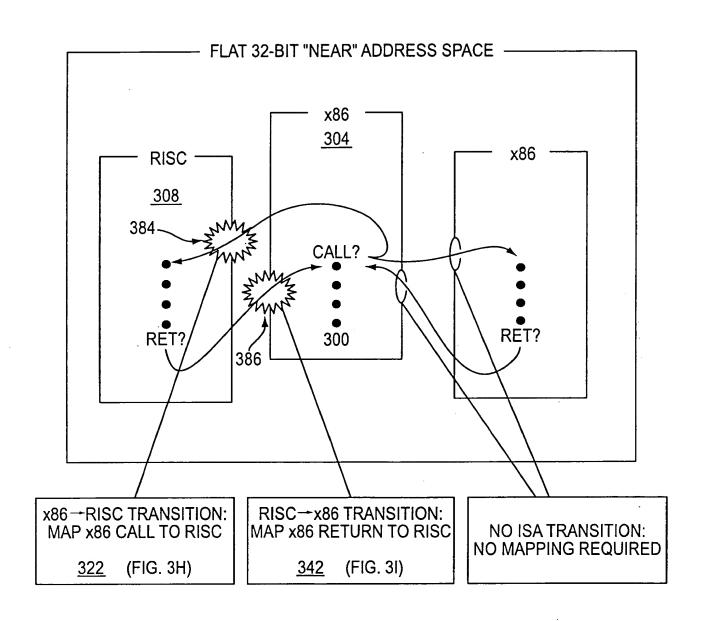


FIG. 3C

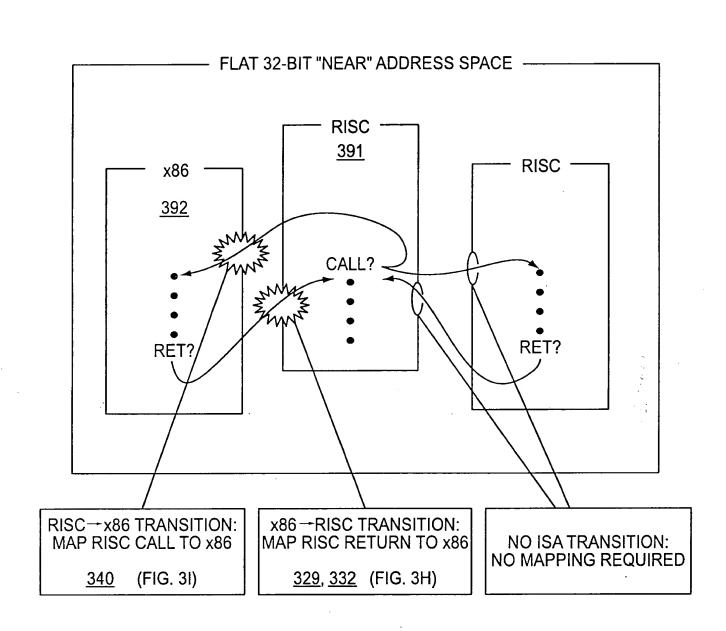


FIG. 3D

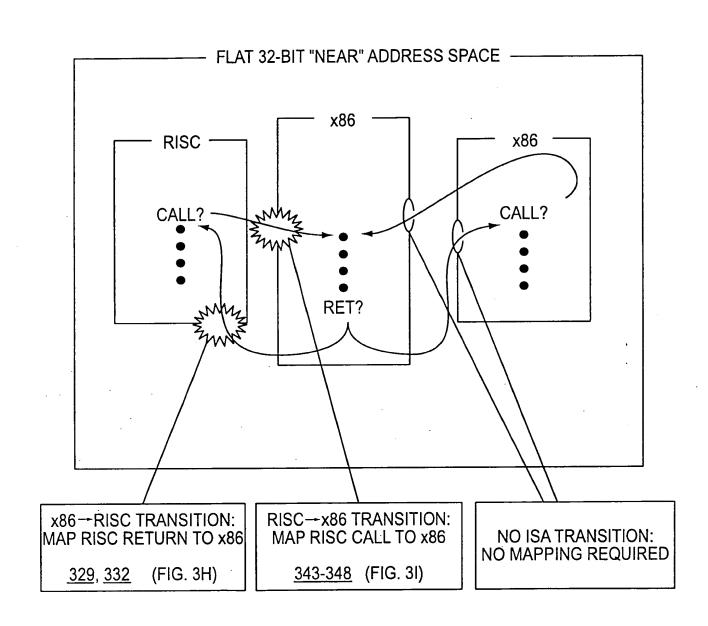


FIG. 3E

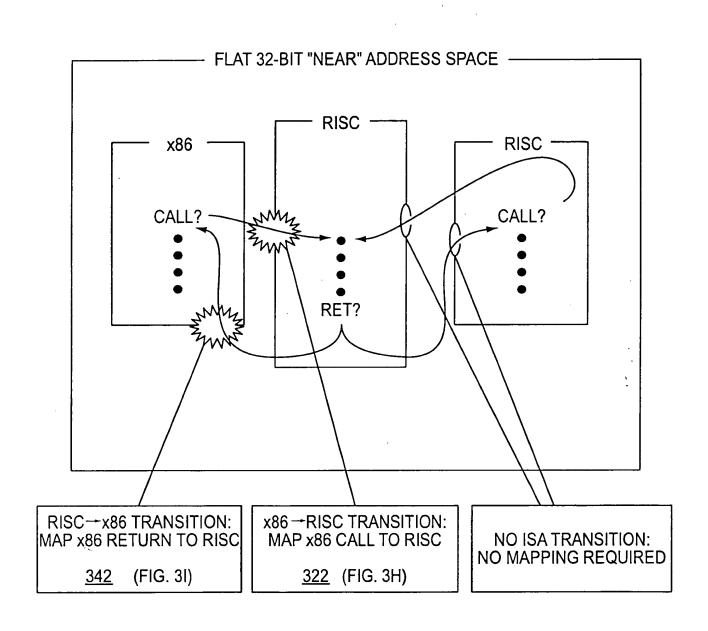


FIG. 3F

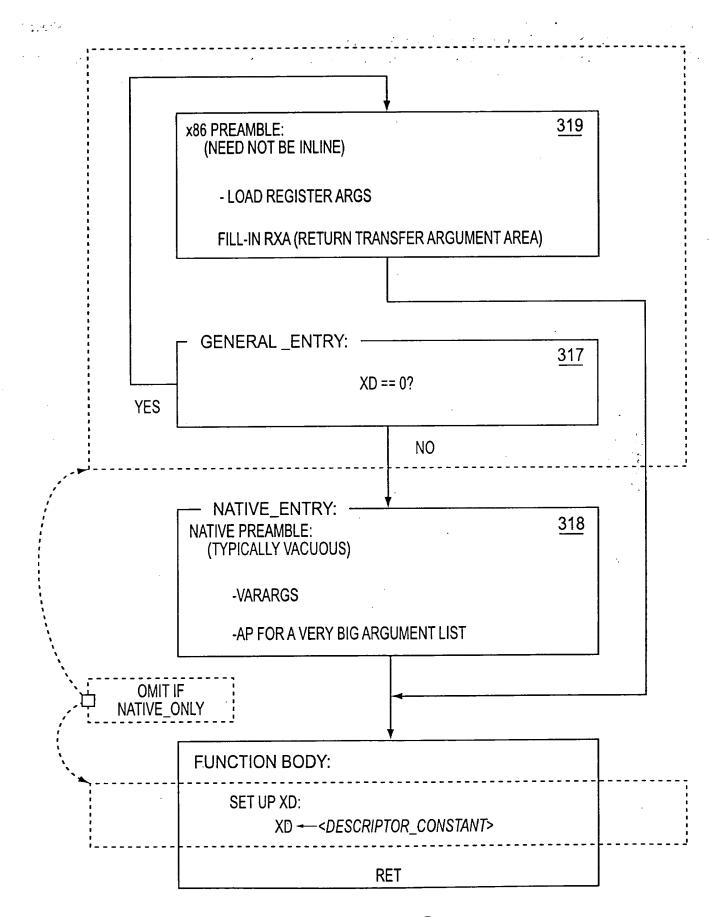


FIG. 3G

```
320
X86-to Tapestry transition exception handler
    // This handler is entered under the following conditions:
    // 1. An x86 caller invokes a native function
    // 2. An x86 function returns to a native caller
    // 3, x86 software returns to or resumes an interrupted native function following
         an external asynchronous interrupt, a processor exception, or a context switch
    dispatch on the two least-significant bits of the destination address
    case"00"
                     // calling a native subprogram
        // copy linkage and stack frame information and call parameters from the memory
        // stack to the analogous Tapestry registers
                               // set up linkage register — 323
        LR ←-[SP++]
                               // address of first argument—324
                                                                                                      322
        AP → SP
        SP ← SP - 8
SP ← SP & (-32)
                               // allocate return transfer argument area -
                               // round the stack pointer down to a 0 mod 32 boundary -
        XD \rightarrow 0
                               // inform callee that caller uses X86 calling conventions 328
    case "01"
                       // resuming an X86 thread suspended during execution of a native routine
        if the redundant copies of the save slot number in EAX and EDX do not match or if
              the redundant copies of the timestamp in EBX:ECX and ESI:EDI do not match {
              // some form of bug or thread corruption has been detected
              goto TAPESTRY_CRASH_SYSTEM( thread-corruption-error-code ) —
        save the EBX:ECX timestamp in a 64-bit exception handler temporary register 373
                                                                                                        370
              (this will not be overwritten during restoration of the full native context)
        use save slot number in EAX to locate actual save slot storage _____374
        restore full entire native context (includes new values for all x86 registers) -
        if save slot's timestamp does not match the saved timestamp { 376
              // save slot has been reallocated; save slot exhaustion has been detected
              goto TAPESTRY_CRASH_SYSTEM( save-slot-overwritten-error-code ) -
        free the save slot
    case"10"
                        // returning from X86 callee to native caller, result already in registers
        RV0<63:32> --- edx<31:00>
                                                   // in case result is 64 bits ——— 333
                                                                                                     332
        convert the FP top-of-stack value from 80 bit X86 form to 64-bit form in RVDP
                                                   // restore SP from time of call
        SP <del>→</del> ESI
                       // returning from X86 callee to native caller, load large result from memory
    case"11"
        RV0..RV3 — load 32 bytes from [ESI-32] // (guaranteed naturally aligned)
                                                                                                     329
        SP -- ESI
                                                   // restore SP from time of call
     EPC ← EPC & -4
                               // reset the two low-order bits to zero >
    RFE ~ 338
```

```
340
Tapestry-to-X86 transition exception handler
   // This handler is entered under the following conditions:
   // 1. a native caller invokes an x86 function
   // 2. a native function returns to an x86 caller
   switch on XD<3:0> \{ \ \ \sim \ 
   XD RET FP:
                                  // result type is floating point
        SP <del>→</del> from RXA save
                                         // discard RXA, pad, args
        FPCW—image after FINIT & push // FP stack has 1 entry
        goto EXIT
   XD RET WRITEBACK:
                                         // store result to @RVA, leave RVA in eax
        RVA ← from RXA save
                                         // address of result area
        copy decode(XD<8:4>) bytes from RV0..RV3 to [RVA]
                                                                                     342
        eax <del>→</del> RVA
                                         // X86 expects RVA in eax
        SP <del>←</del> from RXA save
                                         // discard RXA, pad, args
        FPCW ← image after FINIT
                                                // FP stack is empty
        goto EXIT
   XD_RET_SCALAR:
                                 // result in eax:eda
        edx<31:00> --- eax<63:32>
                                         // in case result is 64 bits
        SP ← from RXA save
                                         // discard RXA, pad, args
        FPCW ← image after FINIT
                                                 // FP stack is empty
        goto EXIT
   XD_CALL_HIDDEN_TEMP: // allocate 32 byte aligned hidden temp___343
        esi<del>≺</del>−SP
                                         // stack cut back on return
        // allocate max size temp
        RVA<del>-</del>SP
                                         // RVA consumed later by RR
        LR<1:0>→"11"
                                         // flag address for return & reload
        goto CALL_COMMON
   default:
                                 // remaining XD_CALL_xxx encodings
        esi<del>≺</del>-SP
                                         // stack cut back on return -
        LR<1:0> <del>→ "</del>"10"
                                         // flag address for return -
CALL_COMMON:
       interpret XD to push and/or reposition args 

347
                                         // push LR as return address
       [--SP] <del>---</del> LR
EXIT:
        setup emulator context and profiling ring buffer pointer
                                         // to original target
```

FIG. 31

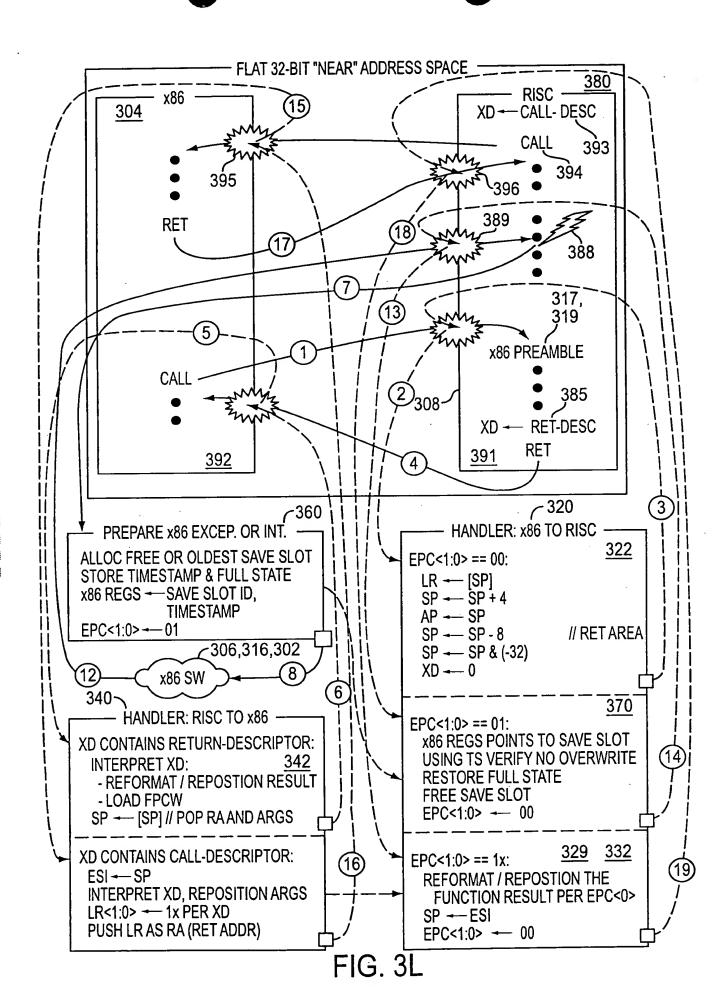
```
interrupt/exception handler of Tapestry operating system:
   // Control vectors here when a synchronous exception or asynchronous interrupt is to be
   // exported to / manifested in an x86 machine.
// The interrupt is directed to something within the virtual X86, and thus there is a possibility
// that the X86 operating system will context switch. So we need to distinguish two cases:
// either the running process has only X86 state that is relevant to save, or
   there is extended state that must be saved and associated with the current machine context
        (e.g., extended state in a Tapestry library call in behalf of a process managed by X86 OS)
if execution was interrupted in the converter – EPC.ISA == X86 {
        // no dependence on extended/native state possible, hence no need to save any
        goto EM86_Deliver_Interrupt( interrupt-byte )
} else if EPC.Taxi_Active {
        // A Taxi translated version of some X86 code was running. Taxi will rollback to an
        // x86 instruction boundary. Then, if the rollback was induced by an asynchronous external
        // interrupt, Taxi will deliver the appropriate x86 interrupt. Else, the rollback was induced
                                                                                                        353
        // by a synchronous event so Taxi will resume execution in the converter, retriggering the
        // exception but this time with EPC.ISA == X86
        goto TAXi Rollback( asynchronous-flag, interrupt-byte )
} else if EPC.EM86 {
        // The emulator has been interrupted. The emulator is coded to allow for such
        // conditions and permits re-entry during long running routines (e.g. far call through a gate)
                                                                                                        354
        // to deliver external interrupts
        goto EM86_Deliver_Interrupt( interrupt-byte )
} else {
        // This is the most difficult case - the machine was executing native Tapestry code on
        // behalf of an X86 thread. The X86 operating system may context switch. We must save
        // all native state and be able to locate it again when the x86 thread is resumed.
                <u> 361</u>
        allocate a free save slot; if unavailable free the save slot with oldest timestamp and try again
        save the entire native state (both the X86 and the extended state)
                                                                                        362
        save the X86 EIP in the save slot
        overwrite the two low-order bits of EPC with "01" (will become X86 interrupt EIP)
                                                                                                         -360
        store the 64-bit timestamp in the save slot, in the X86 EBX:ECX register pair (and,
                 for further security, store a redundant copy in the X86 ESI:EDI register pair)
        store the a number of the allocated save slot in the X86 EAX register (and, again for
                 further security, store a redundant copy in the X86 EDX register)
        goto EM86_Deliver_Interrupt( interrupt-byte ) -
}
```

FIG. 3J

```
typedef struct {
                                          // pointer to next-most-recently-allocated save slot
    save_slot_t *
                         newer,
                                          // pointer to next-older save slot
    save_slot_t *
                         older;
                                          // saved exception PC/IP
   unsigned int64
                         epc;
                                          // saved exception PCW (program control word)
   unsigned int64
                         pcw;
                                                                                                         355
                                          // save the 63 writeable general registers
   unsigned int64
                         registers[63];
                                          // other words of Tapestry context
                                          // timestamp to detect buffer overrun
    timestamp_t
                         timestamp;
                                          // ID number of the save slot \gamma
                         save_slot_ID;
    int
                         save_slot_is_full;
                                                   // full / empty flag
    boolean
} save_slot_t;
                                                   // pointer to the head of the queue -
save_slot_t *
                         save_slot_head;
save slot t*
                         save slot_tail;
                                                   // pointer to the tail of the queue
```

system initialization reserve several pages of unpaged memory for save slots

FIG. 3K



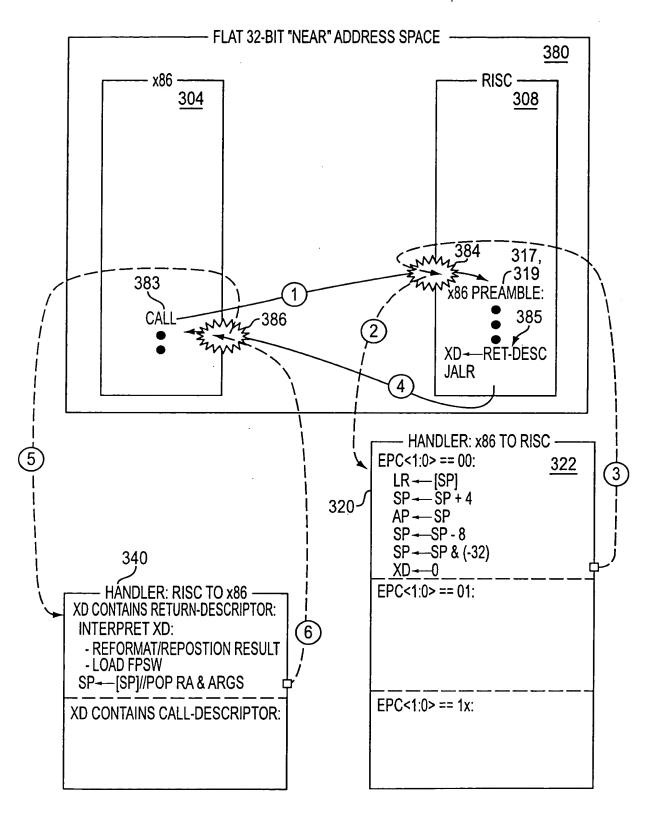


FIG. 3M

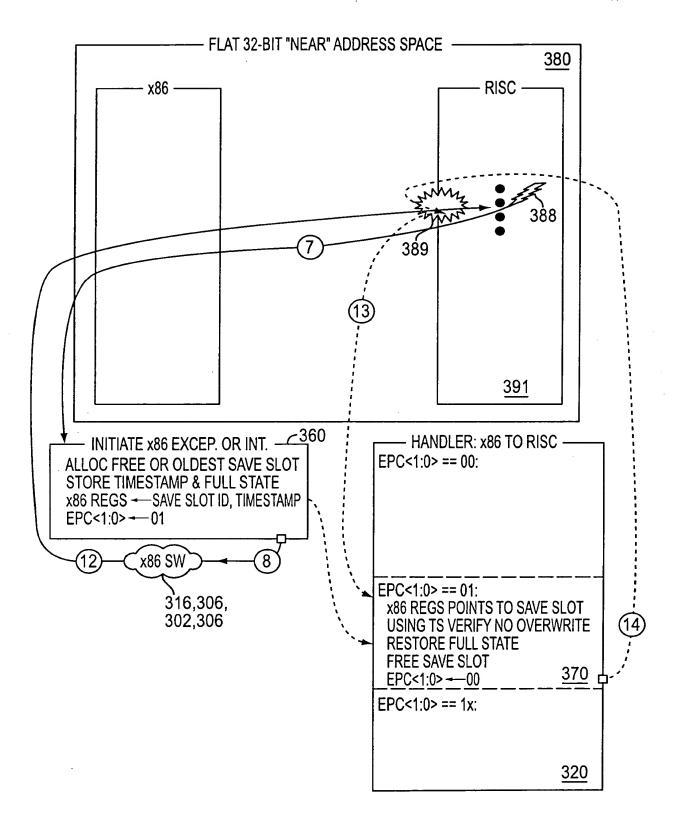


FIG. 3N

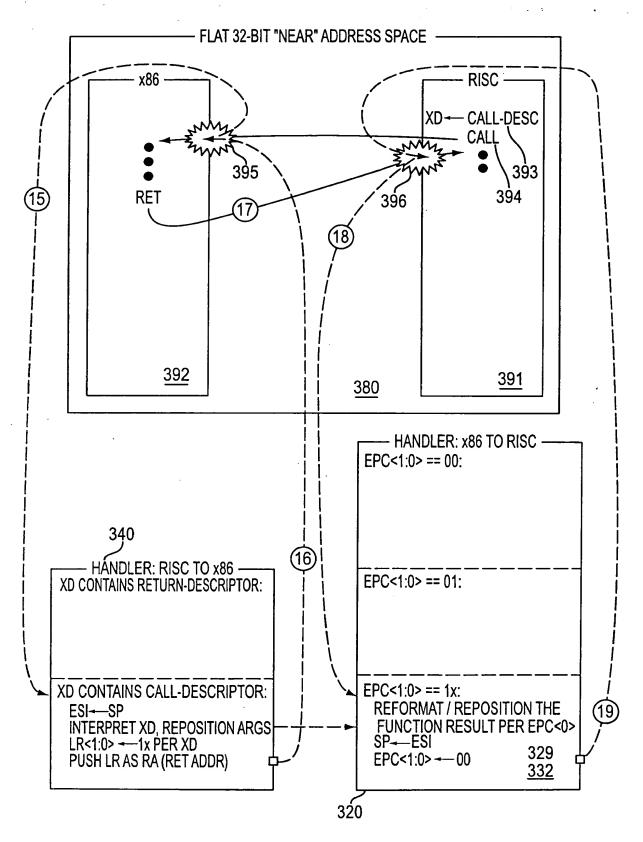
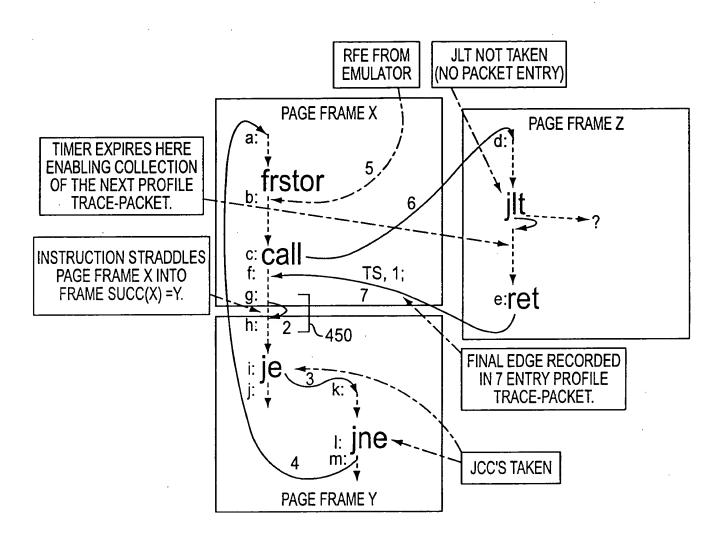


FIG. 30



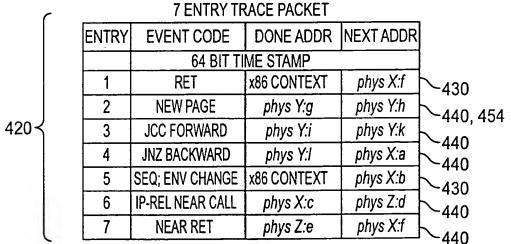
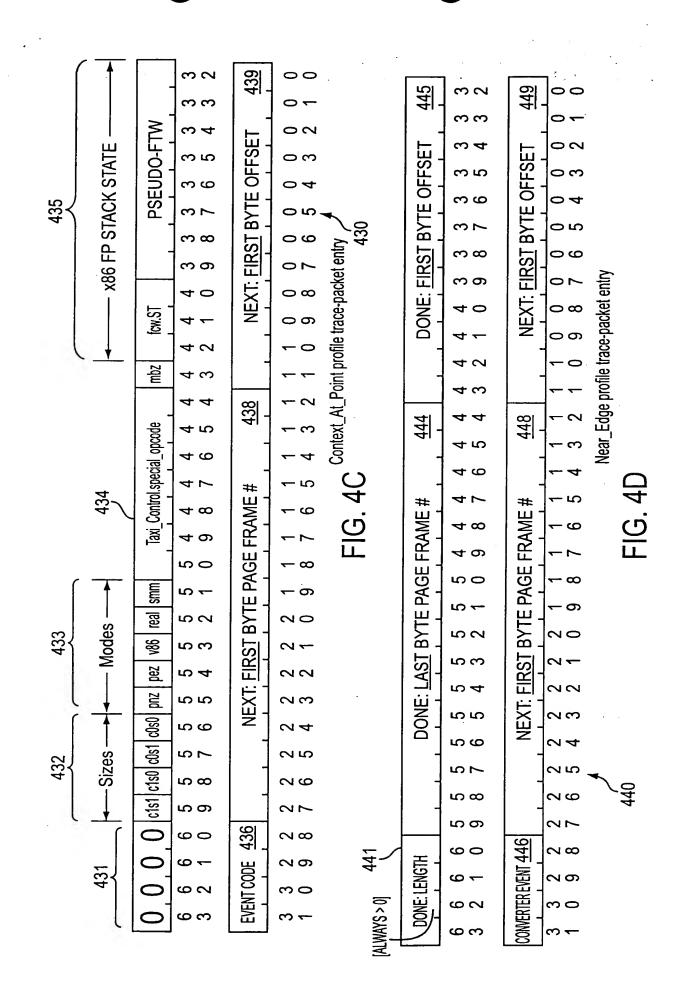
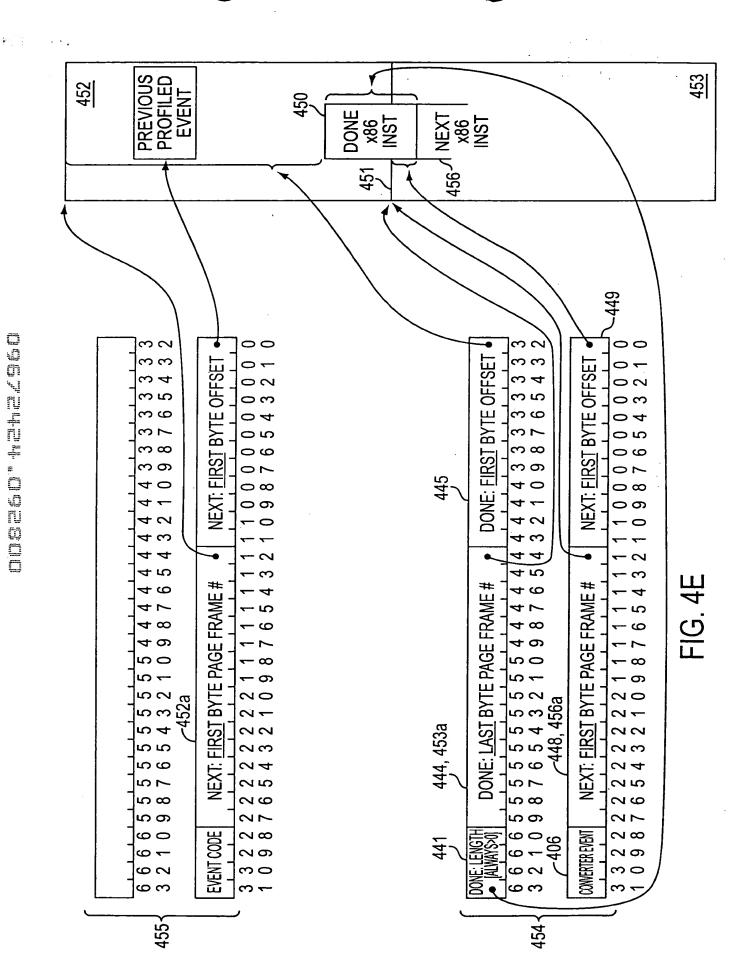


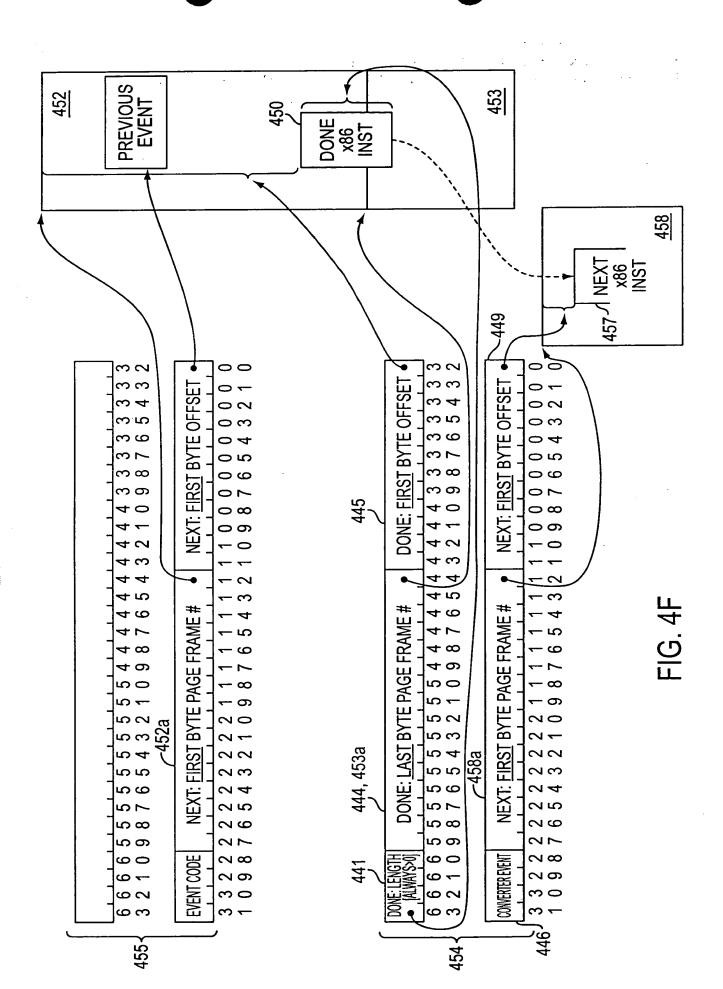
FIG. 4A

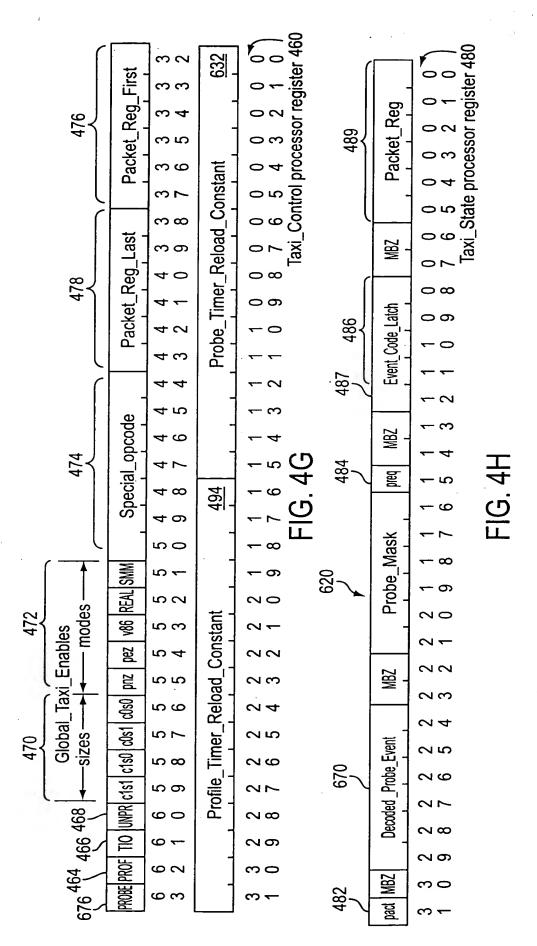
					PROFILEABLE EVENT			OBEABLE EVENT
SOURCE			414	41	6	PACK 41		610 612
		CODE	EVENT	REUSE			7	PROBE EVENT BIT- ITLB PROBE ATTRIBUTE
		402		event Code				OR EMULATOR PROBE
	┢	0.0000	DEFAULT (x86 TRANSPARENT) EVENT, REUSE ALL CONVERTER VALUES	YES		МО		REUSE EVENT CODE
440		0.0001	SIMPLE x86 INSTRUCTION COMPLETION (REUSE EVENT CODE)	YES		NO		REUSE EVENT CODE
412		0.0010	PROBE EXCEPTION FAILED	YES		МО		REUSE EVENT CODE
		0.0011	PROBE EXCEPTION FAILED, RELOAD PROBE TIMER	YES		NO		REUSE EVENT CODE
`	1	0.0100	FLUSH EVENT	NO	NO	NO	NO	
		0.0101	SEQUENTIAL; EXECUTION ENVIRONMENT CHANGED - FORCE EVENT	NO	YES	NO	NO	
RFE		0.0110	FAR RET	NO	YES	YES	NO	
(CONTEXT	1	0.0111	IRET	NO	YES	Ю	NO	•
4107 AT POINT	$\mathbb{I}$	0.1000	FAR CALL	NO	YES	YES	YES	FAR CALL
eñtry)		0.1001	FAR JMP	NO	YES	YES	NO	•
		0.1010	SPECIAL; EMULATOR EXECUTION, SUPPLY EXTRA INSTRUCTION DATA	NO	YES	08	NO	•
		0.1011	ABORT PROFILE COLLECTION	NO -	80	9	NO	•
		0.1100	x86 SYNCHRONOUS/ASYNCHRONOUS INTERRUPT W/PROBE (GRP 0)	NO	YES	YES	YES	EMULATOR PROBE
		0.1101	x86 SYNCHRONOUS/ASYNCHRONOUS INTERRUPT (GRP 0)	NO	YES	YES	Ю	
		0.1110	x86 SYNCHRONOUS/ASYNCHRONOUS INTERRUPT W/PROBE (GRP 1)	NO	YES	YES	YES	EMULATOR PROBE
ĺ		0.1111	x86 SYNCHRONOUS/ASYNCHRONOUS INTERRUPT (GRP 1)	NO	YES	YES	NO	• .
		1.0000	IP-RELATIVE JNZ FORWARD (OPCODE: 75, OF 85)	NO	YES	YES	NO	
		1.0001	IP-RELATIVE JNZ BACKWARD (OPCODE: 75, OF 85)	NO	YES	YES	YES	JNZ
		1.0010	IP-RELATIVE CONDITIONAL JUMP FORWARD - (JCC, JCXZ, LOOP)	NO	YES	YES	NO	
		1.0011	IP-RELATIVE CONDITIONAL JUMP BACKWARD - (JCC, JCXZ, LOOP)	NO	YES	YES	YES	COND JUMP
		1.0100	IP-RELATIVE, NEAR JMP FORWARD (OPCODE: E9, EB)	NO	YES	YES	NO	•
CONVERTE		1.0101	IP-RELATIVE, NEAR JMP BACKWARD (OPCODE: E9, EB)	NO	YES	YES	YES	NEAR JUMP
(NEAR_ EDGE	1	1.0110	RET/RET IMM16 (OPCODE C3, C2 M)	NO	YES	YES	NO	
FNTRY)	1	1.0111	IP-RELATIVE, NEAR CALL (OPCODE: E8)	NO	YES	YES	YES	NEAR CALL
404		1.1000	REPE/REPNE CMPS/SCAS (OPCODE: A6, A7, AE, AF)	NO	YES	NO	NO	
		1.1001	REP MOVS/STOS/LDOS (OPCODE: A4, A5, AA, AB, AC, AD)	NO	YES	NO	NO	•
		1.1010	INDIRECT NEAR JMP (OPCODE: FF /4)	NO	YES	YES	NO	•
		1.1011	INDIRECT NEAR CALL (OPCODE: FF 12)	NO	YES	YES	YES	NEAR CALL
		1.1100	LOAD FROM I/O MEMORY (TLB ASI 1=0) (NOT USED IN T1)	NO	YES	Ю	NO	•
		1.1101	AVAILABLE FOR EXPANSION	NO	NO	NO	NO	•
		1.1110	DEFAULT CONVERTER EVENT; SEQUENTIAL 406	NO	NO	NO	МО	•
l		1.1111	NEW PAGE (INSTRUCTION ENDS ON LAST BYTE OF A PAGE FRAME OR STRADDLES ACROSS A PAGE FRAME BOUNDARY) 408	NO	YES	NO	NO	
			FIG 1B					_

FIG. 4B



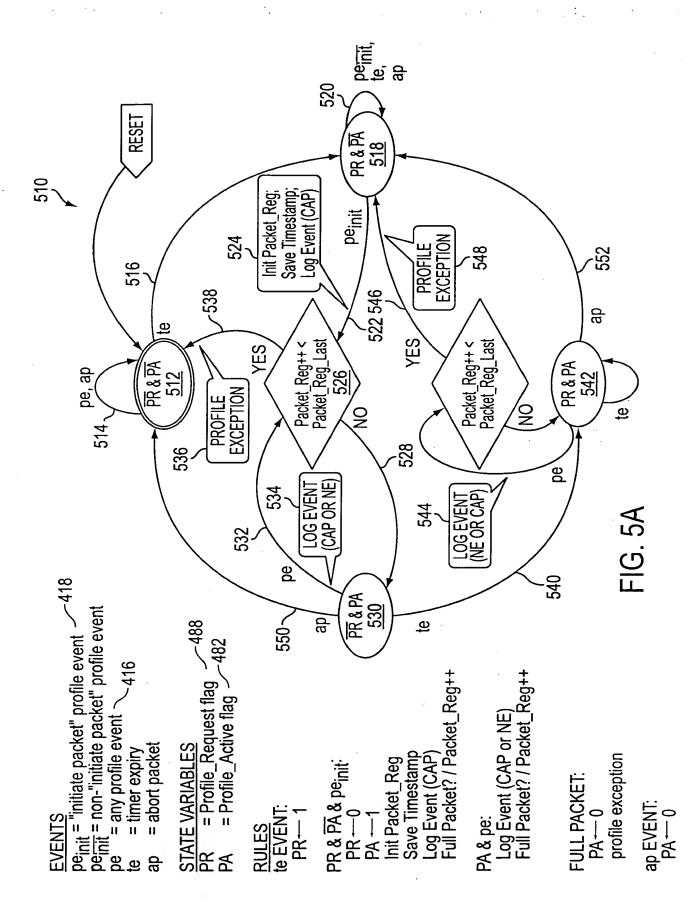


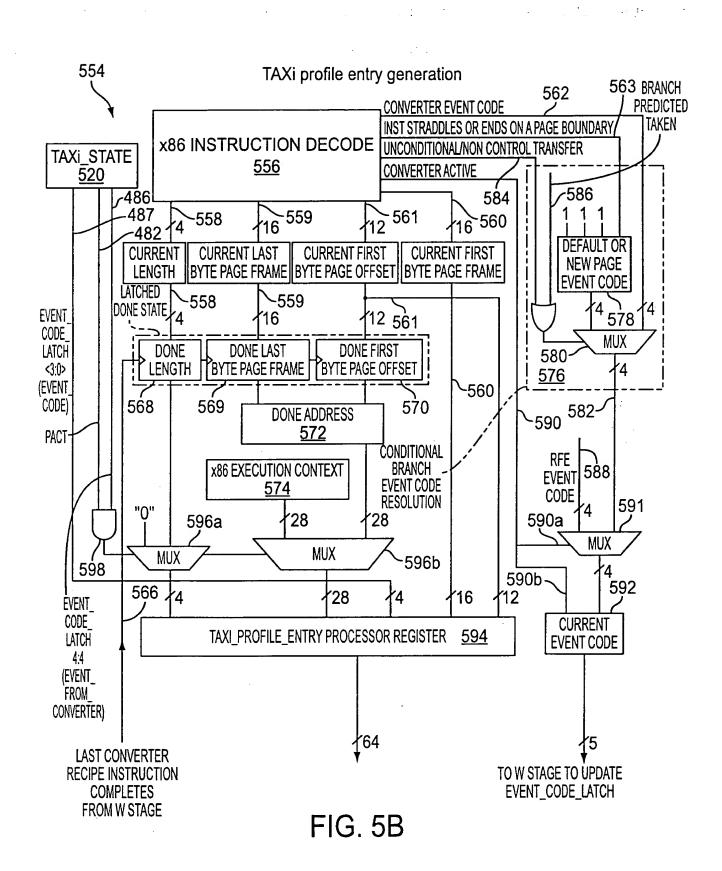




630 Probe\_Timer 492 Profile\_Timer

FIG. 4





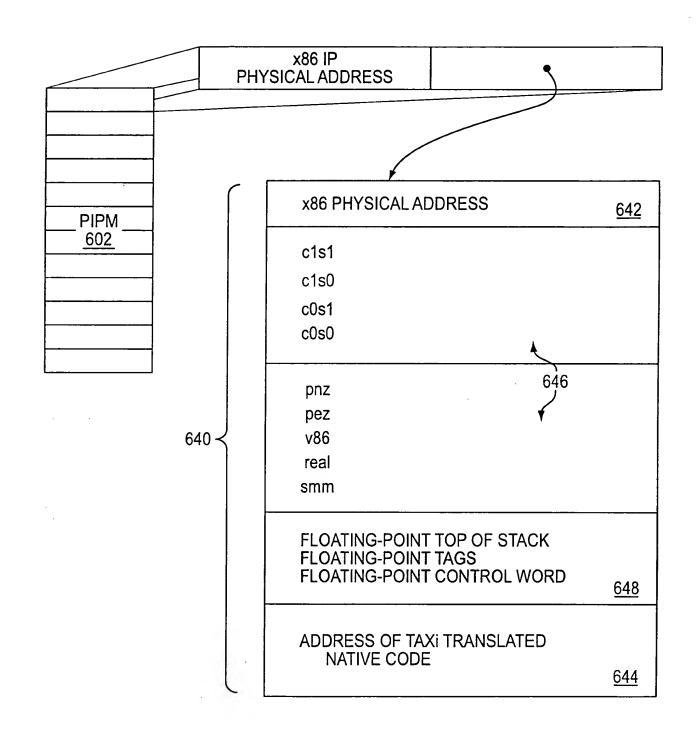
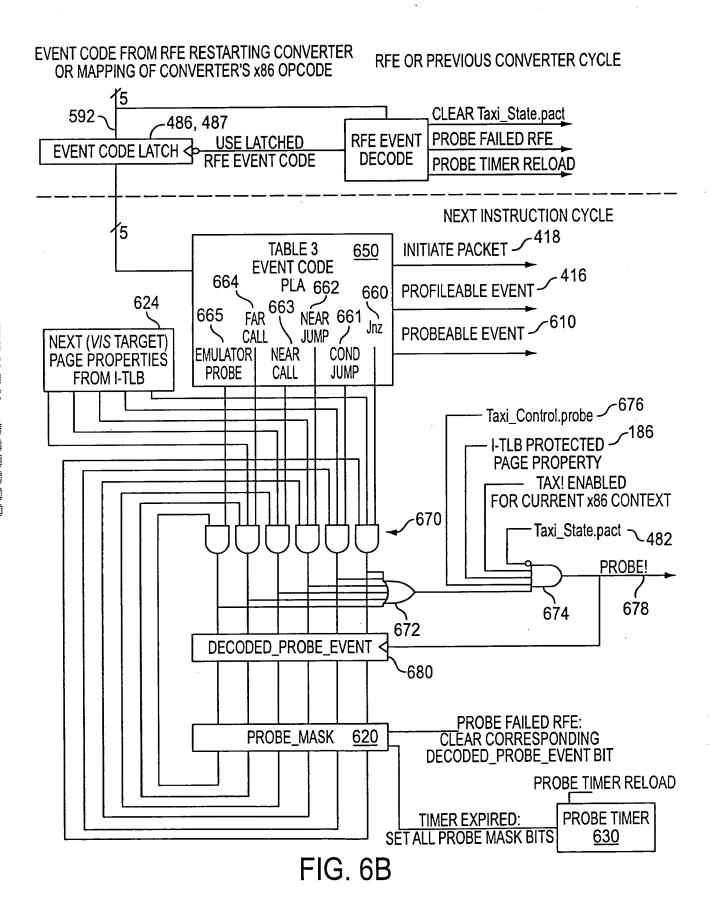
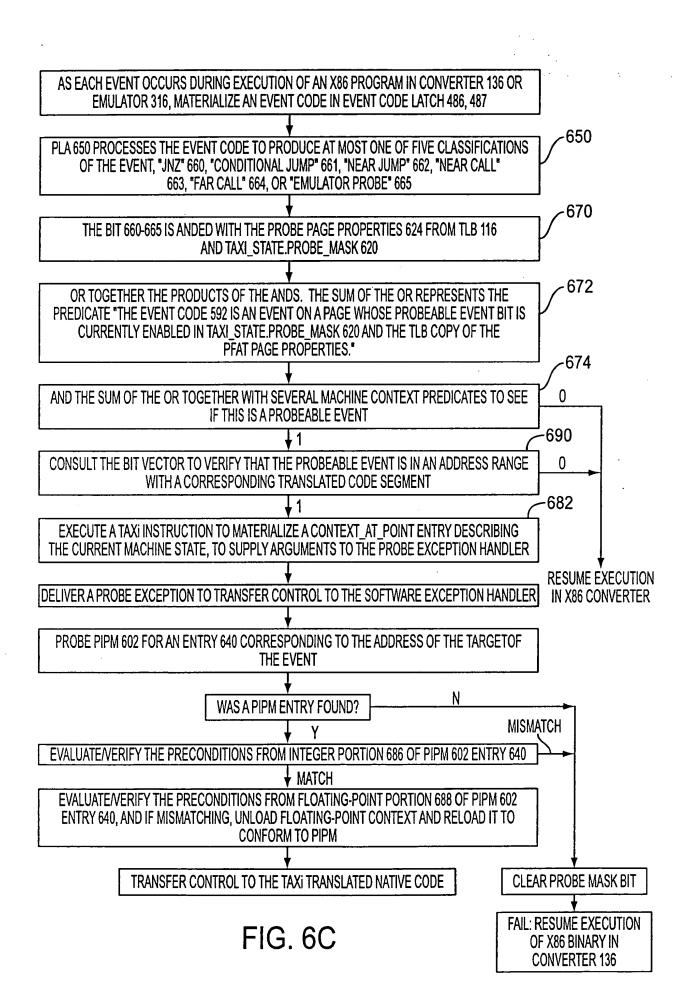
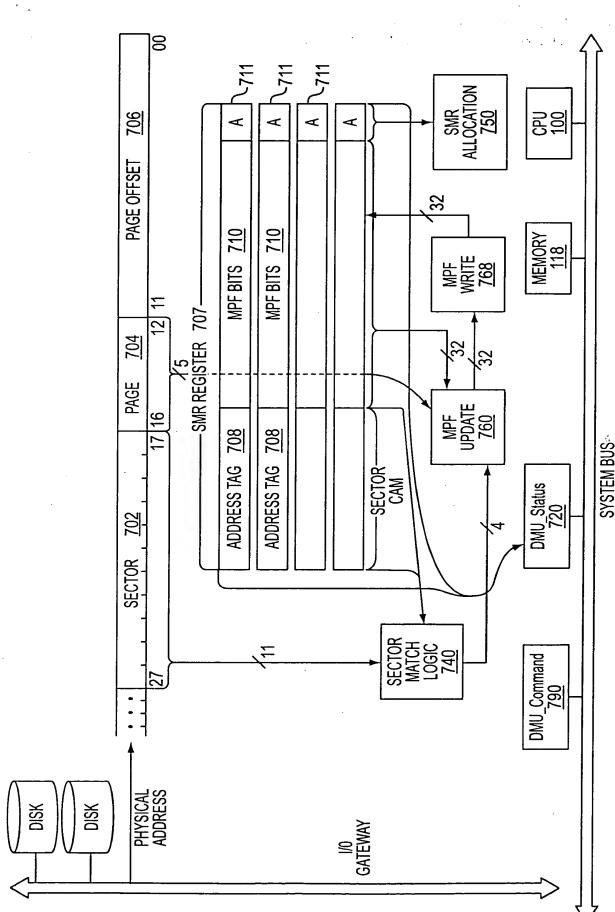


FIG. 6A







SYSTEM BUS-FIG. 7A

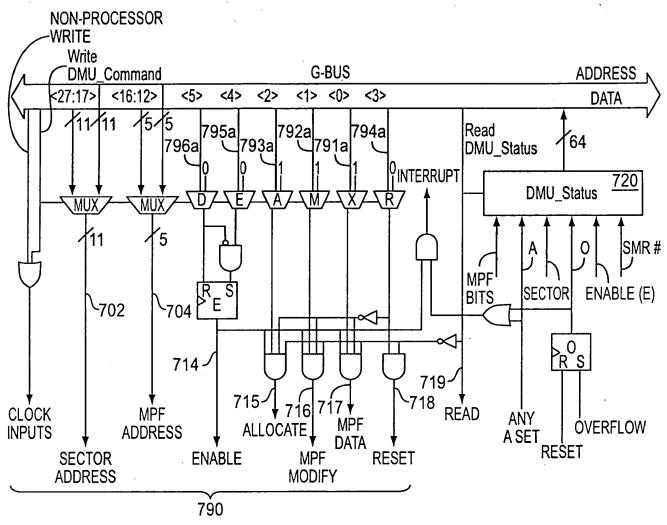


FIG. 7B

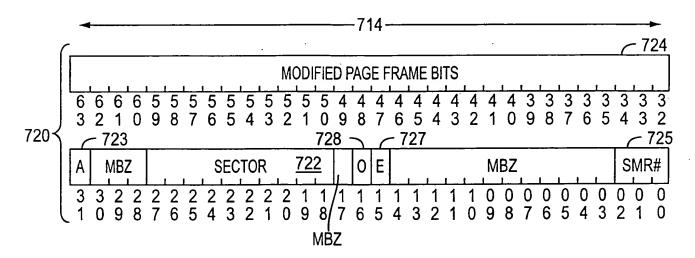


FIG. 7C

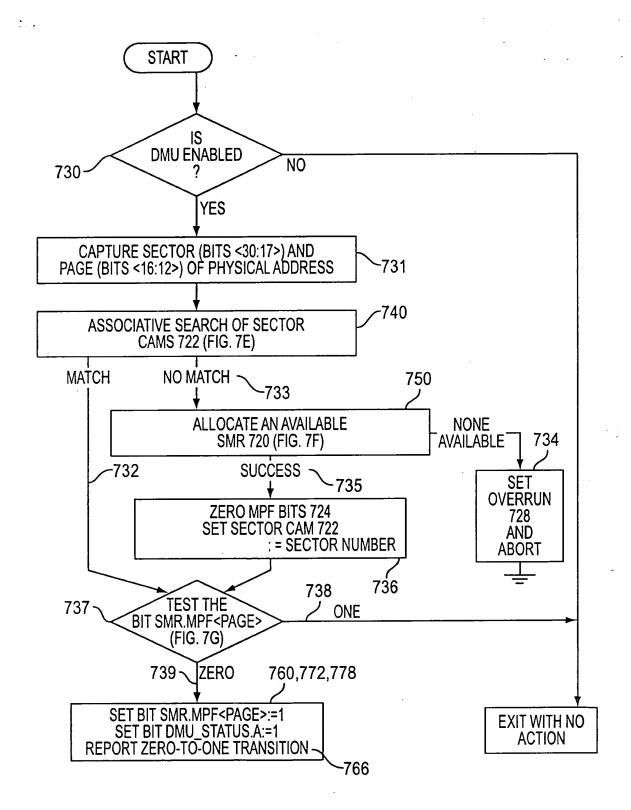
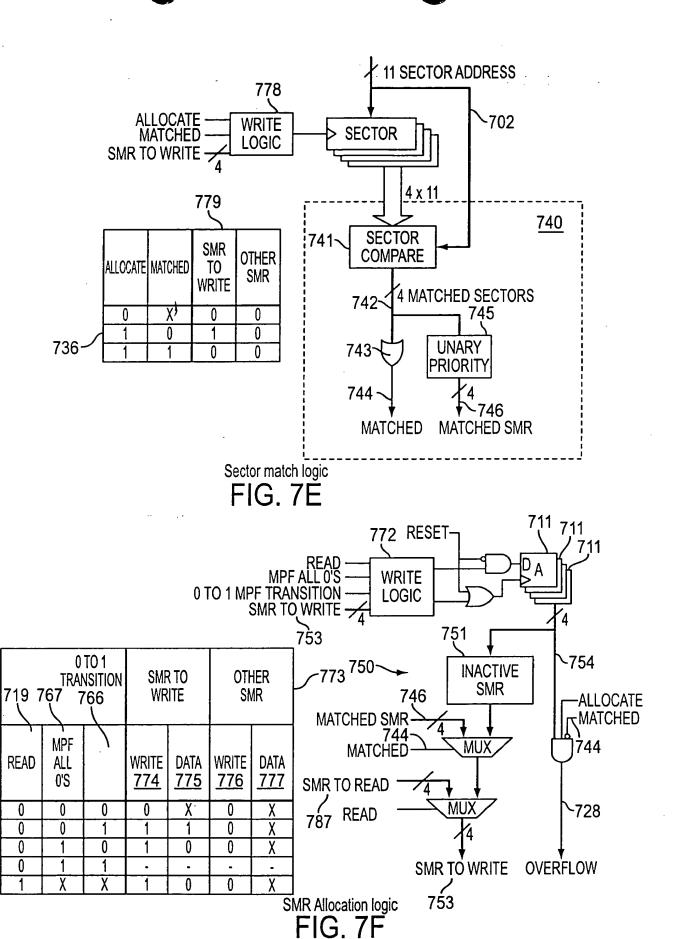
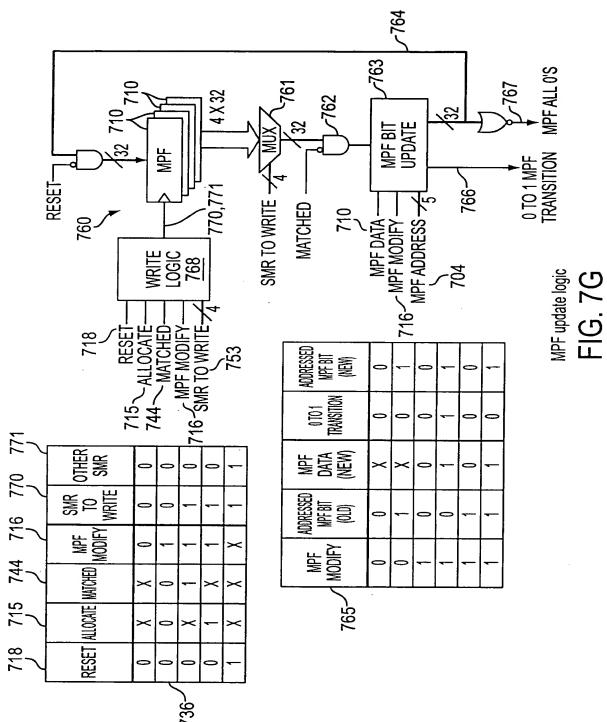
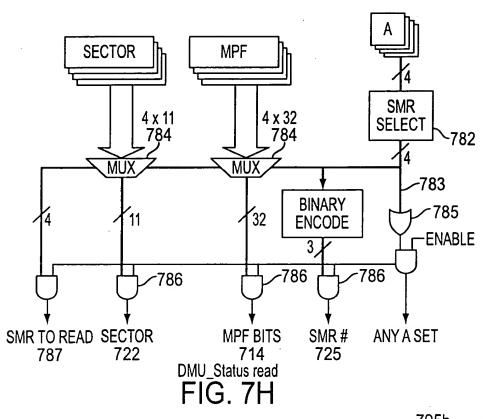
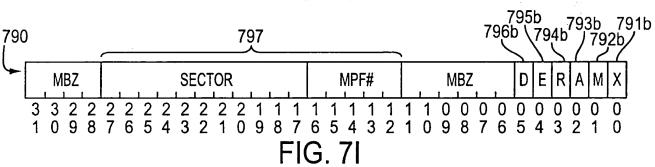


FIG. 7D





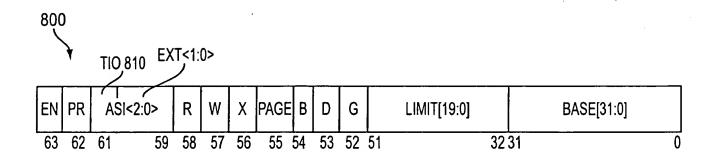




COMMAND BIT	BIT POSITION	MEANING
D	5	DISABLE MONITORING OF DMA WRITES BY CLEARING THE DMU ENABLE FLAG
E	4	ENABLE MONITORING OF DMA WRITES BY SETTING THE DMU ENABLE FLAG
R	3	RESET ALL SMRS: CLEAR ALL A AND MPF BITS AND CLEAR THE DMU OVERRUN FLAG
Α	2	ALLOCATE AN INACTIVE SMR ON A FAILED SEARCH
M	1	ALLOW MPF MODIFICATIONS
X	0	NEW MPF BIT VALUE TO RECORD ON SUCCESSFUL SEARCH (OR ALLOCATION)

M	X	ACTION
0	•	INHIBIT MODIFICATION OF THE MPF BIT
1	0	CLEAR THE CORRESPONDING MPF BIT
1	1	SET THE CORRESPONDING MPF BIT

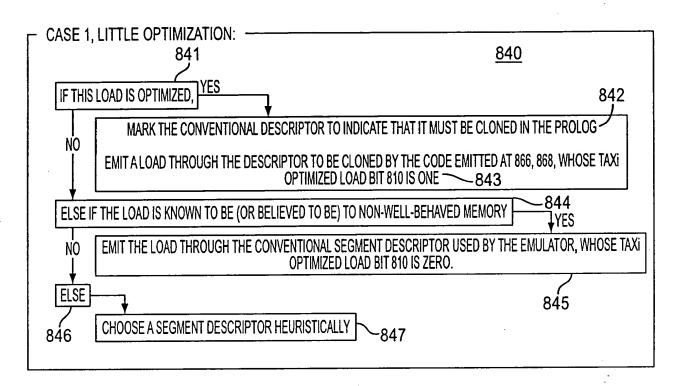
FIG. 7J



SIZE	BIT(S)	<u>NAME</u>	FUNCTION			
1	63	SEG.EN	ENABLES SEGMENT LIMIT/PROTECTION CHECKING			
1	62	SEG.PR	CHOOSES WHICH PROTECTION BITS TO USE FOR PAGE TABLE PROTECTION - ( 0 MEANS PSW.UK OR 1 MEANS MISC.UK)			
3	61:59	SEG.AS	ADDRESS SPACE (ONLY USED WHEN SEG.PAGE IS 0)			
		SEG.TIO, SEG.EXT	ADDRESS SPACE EXTENSION (ONLY USED WHEN SEG.PAGE IS 1)			
3	58:56	SEG.RWX	READ/WRITE/EXECUTE '1' MEANS ENABLED - ALL 000 MEANS IT'S AN INVALID SEGMENT			
1	55	SEG.PAGE	ENABLES THE PAGING SYSTEM (TRANSLATION AND CHECKING)			
1	54	SEG.B	SEGMENT SIZE (1 MEANS 32-BIT, 0 MEANS 16-BIT)			
1	53	SEG.D	SEGMENT DIRECTION (0 MEANS EXPAND UP)			
1	52	SEG.G	SIZE OF LIMIT (1 MEANS IT'S IN 4k PAGES)			
20	51:32	SEG.LIMIT	SEGMENT LIMIT			
32	31:0	SEG.BASE	SEGMENT BASE			

FIG. 8A

## AT CODE GENERATION TIME:



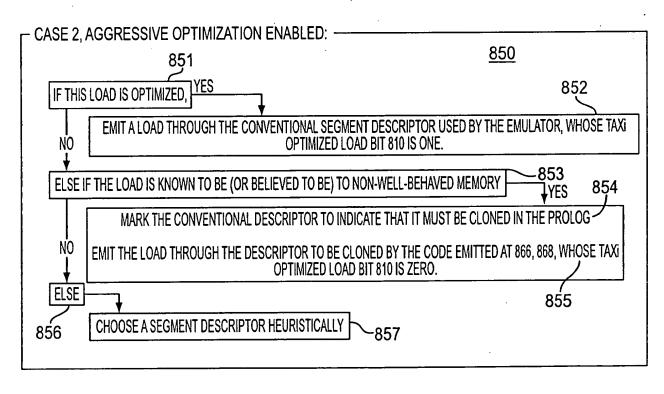


FIG. 8B

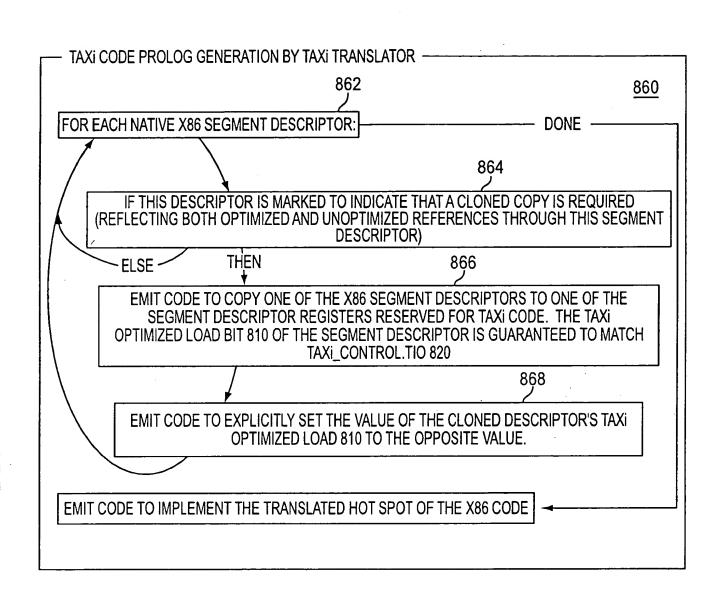


FIG. 8C

VIRTUAL X86 PROCESS

311

X86 EMULATOR

HANDLER 1:

RFE
HANDLER 2:

RFE
HANDLER 3:

RFE

EMULATOR INTERFACE REGISTERS					<u>912</u>					
USER/ KERNEL	INTERRUPT ENABLE	ISA 194	SINGLE STEP				X86 IPLETED	FRAC <u>934</u>	EIP	
EPC 91	EPC 914									
ADD	1 1	FFECTIVE PERAND SIZE	LO	- 1	REPE/ PREFI					
1	RENT P	NEXT IP	LE	.N	OPCOL	DE	FP OPCODE	SEGM	IENT	
	E AND ( REGS	DISP	IM	М	MODR	M	BASE	IND	EX	CALE

FIG. 9B

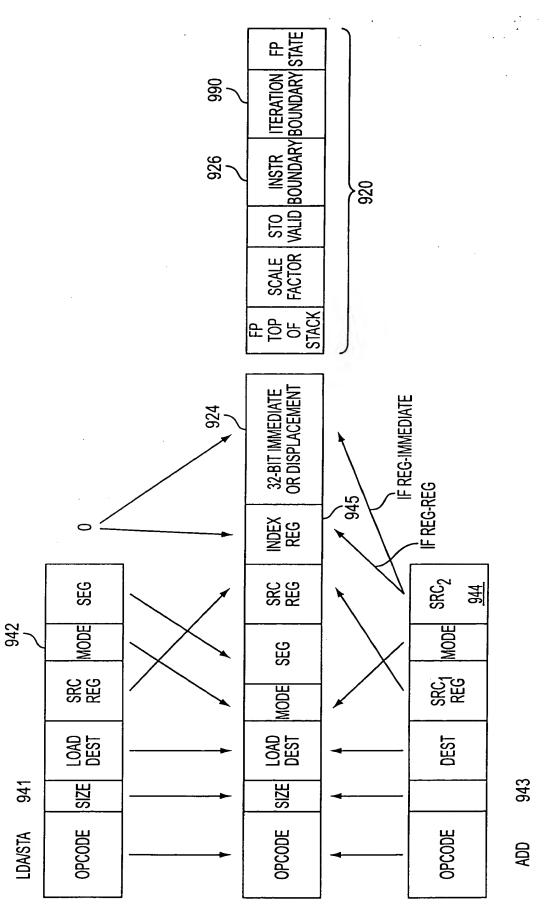
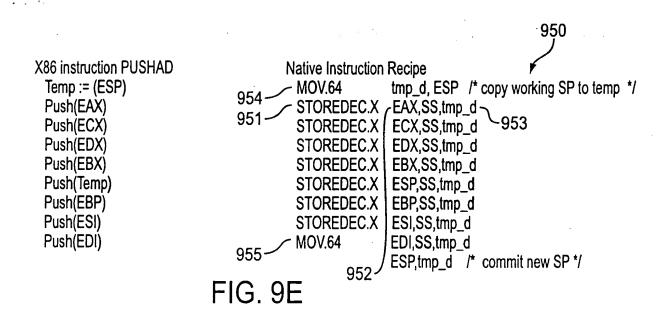


FIG. 9C

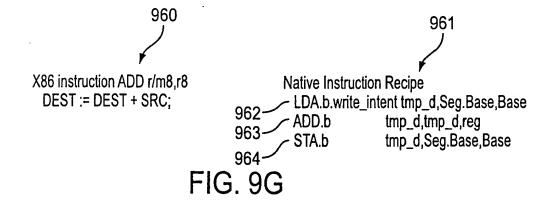
LINEHONIO	I TVDE	I DECODIDE ON OF SIDE DAND INFORMATION
MNEMONIC	TYPE	DESCRIPTION OF SIDE-BAND INFORMATION
INSTRUCTIONS WITH Imm6 FIELD		THE CONVERTER MAY SUPPLY A FULL 32-BIT IMMEDIATE.
BRANCHES WITH DISPLACEMENT		THE CONVERTER MAY SUPPLY A FULL 32-BIT DISPLACEMENT.
LDA/STA	INTEGER	A FULL 32-BIT DISPLACEMENT IS SENT ON THE IMMEDIATE BUS; THIS IS ADDED TO SRC1 TO COMPUTE THE OFFSET FOR SOME ADDRESSING MODES.
CJcond	INTEGER	THE CONVERTER MAY SPECIFY A 16 OR 32-BIT ADDRESS SIZE IN PARALLEL WITH THIS INSTRUCTION (A 32-BIT DISPLACEMENT MAY ALSO BE PROVIDED).
CJcond	INTEGER	THE CONVERTER MAY SPECIFY A 16 OR 32-BIT ADDRESS SIZE IN PARALLEL WITH THIS INSTRUCTION. A 32-BIT DISPLACEMENT MAY ALSO BE PROVIDED.
FROMPR	INTEGER	3-BITS OF TOS (TOP-OF-STACK) ARE SENT ON THE IMMEDIATE BUS IN PARALLEL WITH THIS INSTRUCTION FOR USE BY THE FNSTSW INSTRUCTION CONVERTER SEQUENCE.
LEA	INTEGER	A 6-BIT INDEX REGISTER SPECIFIER, A 32-BIT DISPLACEMENT, AND A 2-BIT SCALE FACTOR ARE PASSED FROM THE CONVERTER AS ADDITIONAL INPUT TO THE HARDWARE IN ORDER TO FORM A COMPLETE x86 ADDRESSING MODE.
LDAI	INTEGER	A 6-BIT INDEX REGISTER SPECIFIER, A 32-BIT DISPLACEMENT, AND A 2-BIT SCALE FACTOR ARE PASSED FROM THE CONVERTER AS ADDITIONAL INPUT TO THE HARDWARE IN ORDER TO FORM A COMPLETE x86 ADDRESSING MODE. ADDITIONALLY, A SECOND DESTINATION REGISTER IS PASSED AS THE DESTINATION OF THE ADDRESS AUTOINCREMENT MODE.
Loop, Loopz, Loopnz	INTEGER	THE CONVERTER MAY SPECIFY A 16 OR 32-BIT ADDRESS SIZE IN PARALLEL WITH THIS INSTRUCTION. A 32-BIT DISPLACEMENT MAY ALSO BE PROVIDED.
STAI	INTEGER	A 6-BIT INDEX REGISTER SPECIFIER, A 32- BIT DISPLACEMENT, AND A 2-BIT SCALE FACTOR ARE PASSED FROM THE CONVERTER AS ADDITIONAL INPUT TO THE HARDWARE IN ORDER TO FORM A COMPLETE x86 ADDRESSING MODE. ADDITIONALLY, A SECOND DESTINATION REGISTER IS PASSED AS THE DESTINATION OF THE ADDRESS AUTOINCREMENT MODE.
PSHUFW	MMX	ONLY 6 BITS OF THE Imm8 ARE STORED IN THE INSTRUCTION. THE REMAINING TWO BITS ARE CREATED BY THE HW CONVERTER.
FLDA	FP EP	A 6-BIT INDEX REGISTER SPECIFIER AND A 32- BIT DISPLACEMENT, AND A 2-BIT SCALE FACTOR ARE PASSED FROM THE CONVERTER AS ADDITIONAL INPUT TO THE HARDWARE IN ORDER TO FORM A COMPLETE x86 ADDRESSING MODE.
FTST	FP EP	1-BIT OF STO_VALID IS SENT ON THE IMMEDIATE BUS IN PARALLEL WITH THIS INSTRUCTION.
FSTA	FP EP	A 6-BIT INDEX REGISTER SPECIFIER AND A 2- BIT SCALE FACTOR ARE PASSED FROM THE CONVERTER AS ADDITIONAL INPUT TO THE HARDWARE IN ORDER TO FORM A COMPLETE x86 ADDRESSING MODE.
FXAM	FP EP	1 BIT STO_VALID IS PASSED ON THE IMMEDIATE BUS.
INSTRUCTION CONTROL		INSTRUCTION BOUNDARY INFORMATION: - START OF INSTRUCTION OR STRING ITERATION - LAST OF SEQUENCE - FP_DPI ,,, INTERNMENT CONTROL - FP_TAG_MAP INTERNMENT CONTROL

FIG. 9D



IDIOM	. USAGE			
LOAD / OP [/STORE]	LOAD DATA			
COMPLEX ADDRESS CALCULATION	COMPUTED OFFSET			
MOV mem, [DEFGS]S / PUSH [DEFGS]S (SELECTOR PUSH/STORE)	SELECTOR (PROCESSOR REGISTER NOT DIRECTLY ACCESSIBLE BY STORE INSTRUCTIONS)			
PUSHA (PUSH ALL)	INTERMEDIATE STACK POINTER; COMMIT AT END			
POPA (POP ALL)	INTERMEDIATE STACK POINTER; COMMIT AT END			
MOV mem, Imm / PUSH Imm	INTERMEDIATE (NOT AVAILABLE AS AN OPERAND TO STORE INSTRUCTION)			
MULTIPLY	INTERMEDIARY TO CONNECT CONTIGUOUS NATIVE REGISTER PAIR TO X86 REGISTER PAIR			
DIVIDE				
XCHG	THE CLASSIC USE OF A TEMPORARY!			
POP mem	STACK POINTER UNTIL MEMORY OPERATIONS ARE FINISHED			

FIG. 9F



967	970
X86 instruction CALL r/mX /* near absolute call */ IF target instruction pointer is not within code segment limit THEN #GP(0); FI; —968 IF stack not large enough for a 4-byte return address THEN #SS(0); FI; —969	Native Instruction Recipe LOAD.limit_check r0,CS:reg_d 971 972
Push(EIP); EIP := EIP + DEST;	STOREDÉC.X IP,SS,ESP JRreg_d
FIG. 9H	973
976	
X86 instruction CALL re1X /* near IP-relative call */ IF target instruction pointer is not within code segment limit THEN #GP(0); FI;	Native Instruction Recipe
IF stack not large enough for a 4-byte return address	977 ر
THEN #SS(0); FI; Push(EIP); EIP := EIP + DEST;	STOREDEC.X IP,SS,ESP JR_ reg_d
FIG. 9I	978
980	981
X86 instruction LOOP imm8  Count := ECX;	Native Instruction Recipe
Count := Count - 1; IF (Count == 0)	DEC.X ECX,ECX
THEN BranchCond := 1; ELSE BranchCond : = 0;	982
FI;	CJNE ECX,r0,imm8
IF (BranchCond == 1) THEN NextEIP := NextEIP + SignExtend(DEST);	
IF target instruction pointer is not with code segment limit THEN	
#GP(0); /* ECX not modified */ ELSE	
ECX := COUNT; EIP := NextEIP; FI;	
ELSE ECX := Count;	
Terminate loop and continue program execution at EIP; FI;	
1 L <sub>1</sub>	

FIG. 9J

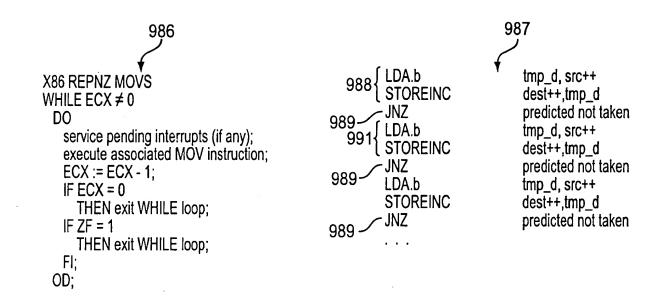


FIG. 9K